Type III Categorical Exclusion Action Classification Form

STIP Project No.	U-5301
WBS Element	47018.1.1
Federal Project No.	NHS-0064(141)

A. Project Description

The North Carolina Department of Transportation (NCDOT) proposes improvements to the US 64 corridor from west of SR 1308 (Laura Duncan Road) in Apex to US 1 in Cary in Wake County.



The project is included in NCDOT's 2018-2027 State Transportation Improvement Program (STIP) as project number U-5301. Right-of-way acquisition is scheduled to begin in Federal Fiscal Year (FFY) 2020 and construction in FFY 2022.

B. Description of Need and Purpose:

The purpose of the project is to:

- Alleviate existing and future congestion,
- Improve mobility along the corridor,
- Improve regional mobility, and,
- Improve reliability of the roadway network within the project study area.

The need of the project is based on the following:

Existing and Future Congestion

US 64 is the primary east-west highway through southeastern Wake County and serves multiple roles as a transportation facility including: linking adjacent neighborhoods to surrounding business and community resources, providing a conduit for Chatham and southwestern Wake County commuters to travel between their homes and jobs in Raleigh, and as a regional and statewide corridor linking providing an alternative route to I-40/I-85. Due to the multiple roles that US 64 serves within the project study area, the facility is expected to experience significant traffic growth between now and the design year (2040). Currently, traffic along US 64 ranges from approximately 40,000 vehicles per day (vpd) west of Laura Duncan Road to approximately 56,000 vpd at US 1. Under the "No-Build" scenario, the traffic volumes are expected to grow to 56,600 vpd west of Laura Duncan Road, and to over 76,000 vpd at US 1 in 2040. Additionally, the growth in southwestern Wake County will contribute to traffic growth along other roadways throughout the project study area. Current and projected traffic volumes for roadways within the project study area are shown in Table 1. Table 2 summarizes the existing (2016) and future (2040 No-build) level of service along the project study corridor.

Segment	Existing 2016 (vpd)	No-Build 2040 (vpd)
US 64		
West of SR 13006 (Laura Duncan Road)	40,000	56,600
Laura Duncan Road to Knollwood Drive	41,600	60,600
Knollwood Drive to Shepherds Vineyard Drive	40,000	57,000
Shepherds Vineyard Drive to SR 1521 (Lake Pine Drive)	38,400	55,000
Lake Pine Drive to Autopark Boulevard	42,700	59,400
Autopark Boulevard to Mackenan Drive	43,300	60,000
Mackenan Drive to Gregson Drive	45,700	63,300
Gregson to Edinburgh Drive	50,300	69,300
Edinburgh Drive to US 1	56,000	76,200
US 1 to Regency Pkwy	42,900	56,400
Laura Duncan Road		
South of US 64	9,100	14,600
North of US 64	11,300	16,400
Lake Pine Drive		
South of US 64	13,600	17,200
North of US 64	17,300	29,200
Mackenan Drive/Chalon Drive		
South of US 64	2,200	2,300
North of US 64	5,800	6,800
Gregson Drive		
South of US 64	8,000	10,000
Edinburgh Drive		
South of US 64	5,800	7,000
North of US 64	2,700	3,300
US 1		
South of US 64	110,000	118,000
North of US 64	75,500	148,200

Table 1: Current and Projected (No-Build Condition) Traffic Volumes

Table 2: Current and Projected Level of Service

		_	2016 E	xisting		_	2040 No-	Build	_
I	Original	De	lay	LC)S	De	lay	LO	S
Intersection	Control	<u>AM</u>	<u>PM</u>	<u>AM</u>	<u>PM</u>	<u>AM</u>	<u>PM</u>	<u>AM</u>	<u>PM</u>
US 64 @ Laura Duncan Rd	Signal	53.2	49.3	D	D	130.3	121.2	F	F
US 64 @ Knollwood Dr/Costco Dr	Unsignalized	48.5 (NB)	243.5 (SB)	Е	F	240.5	>300	F	F
US 64 @ Shepherds Vineyard Dr	Unsignalized	172.5 (NB)	31.4 (WBL)	F	D	273.6	49.9	F	E
US 64 @ Lake Pine Dr	Signal	64.3	36.4	Е	D	102.9	95.6	F	F
US 64 @ Autopark Dr	Unsignalized	209.5 (NBR)	26.2 (NBL)	F	D	69.9 (NB)	>300 (NB)	F	F
US 64 @ Mackenan Dr /Chalon Dr	Signal	38.9	10.5	D	В	14.6	37.4	В	D
US 64 @ Gregson Dr	Signal	39.1	12.0	D	В	30.6	31.5	С	С
US 64 @ Edinburgh Dr	Signal	29.9	53.4	С	D	35.9	68.5	D	E
US 64 WB @ US 1 SB Off- Ramp	Signal	40.7	163.3	D	F	177.5	205.3	F	F
US 64 EB @ US 1 SB On- Ramp	Signal	5.1	8.1	А	А	7.0	23.7	А	С
Tryon Rd WB @ Regency Pkwy/US 1 NB On-Ramp	Signal	72.3	38.3	Е	D	110.3	71.6	F	Е
Tryon Rd EB @ Regency Pkwy	Signal	41.8	31.1	D	С	70.4	26.9	Е	С

High-Level Crash Analysis

Crash history data was collected and analyzed for a five-year period between March 1, 2012 and February 28, 2017, for US 64 from just west of Laura Duncan Road to the Tryon Road/Regency Parkway intersection, just east of US 64. Tables 3 and 4 summarize the accident data collected during the study period.

Table 3: High-Level Crash Summary

	Number of Crashes	Percent of Total	
Total Crashes	779	100.00	
Fatal Crashes	2	0.26	
Non-Fatal Injury Crash	167	21.44	
Total Injury Crashes	169	21.69	
Property Damage Only Crashes	610	78.31	
Night Crashes	134	17.20	
Wet Crashes	103	13.22	
Alcohol/Drug Involvement Crashes	17	2.18	

Table 4: Crash Rate Comparison

	U-5301	US Routes	US Routes
	Project Study Area	Urban	Statewide
Total Crash Rate	421.79	233.17	183.63
Fatal Crash Rate	1.08	1.06	1.02
Non-Fatal Crash Rate	90.42	69.70	54.23
Night Crash Rate	72.56	50.74	46.35
Wet Crash Rate	55.77	44.92	35.72
EPDO Rate ¹	1173.01		

¹Equivalent Property Damage Only Rate

Results of the crash analysis indicated the following:

- The total Crash Rate is over twice the statewide rate for all US routes and nearly twice the rate for US urban routes.
- Rear-end crashes make up 65% of all crashes.
- Most of the crashes occurred at the following intersections or along the approaches due to queued traffic:
 - US 64 @ Laura Duncan Road: 71 Crashes
 - US 64 @ East of Lake Pine Drive: 31 Crashes
 - US 64 @ AutoPark Boulevard: 46 Crashes
 - US 64 @ Gregson Drive Edinburgh Drive: 85 Crashes

The high rate of rear-end crashes are indicative of the stop and go nature and queuing of traffic related to congestion along this section of US 64.

- C. Categorical Exclusion Action Classification: Type III
- D. <u>Proposed Improvements</u>

Preliminary Build Alternatives – Three preliminary build alternatives were presented at the June 2018 public meeting.

- Concept 1 included a tight diamond interchange at Laura Duncan Road, a grade-separated double contraflow intersection at Lake Pine Drive, a grade-separate modified quadrant intersection at Edinburgh Drive, and a six-lane, divided facility with reduced conflict intersections between Lake Pine Drive and US 1. Direct access between Shepherds Vineyard Drive and US 64 would be removed and the road would be dead-ended on both sides of US 64.
- Concept 2A included a single-lane teardrop roundabout interchange at Laura Duncan Road, a tight diamond interchange at Lake Pine Drive, and a grade-separated modified quadrant intersection at Edinburgh Drive. From west of Laura Duncan Road to east of Lake Pine Drive, US 64 will be an expressway. From east of Lake Pine Drive to US 1, US 64 will be a six-lane, divided facility with reduced conflict intersections. Direct access between Shepherds Vineyard Drive and US 64 would be removed. Shepherds Vineyard Drive would be lowered and extended under US 64, providing a new connection between Old Raleigh Road and Pine Plaza Drive.
- Concept 2B included tight diamond interchanges at Laura Duncan Road and Lake Pine Drive, and a grade-separated modified quadrant intersection at Edinburgh Drive. From west of Laura Duncan Road to east of Lake Pine Drive, US 64 will be an expressway. From east of Lake Pine Drive to US 1, US 64 will be a six-lane, divided facility with reduced conflict intersections. Direct access between Shepherds Vineyard Drive and US 64 would be removed. Shepherds Vineyard Drive would be lowered and extended under US 64, providing a new connection between Old Raleigh Road and Pine Plaza Drive.

No-Build Alternative – The No-Build Alternative (the option of not constructing the project) was also studied. The No-Build Alternative only includes maintenance activities within the current right-of-way to ensure the safety and continued operation of the existing highway. The No-Build Alternative would avoid any adverse environmental impacts or residential relocations; however, adverse social and economic impacts could occur. Future traffic volumes will likely result in longer delays which would hinder the everyday social and economic functionality of the corridor.

The No-Build Alternative does not meet the transportation goals of the State of North Carolina or the transportation needs of the region. Also, by failing to provide solutions to congestion in the area and improved connectivity to other traffic corridors, this alternative does not satisfy the purpose and need of the project. The No-Build Alternative does, however, provide a basis for comparing the benefits and adverse impacts of the Build Alternatives.

Recommended Alternative – A modified version of Concept 2B was selected as the Recommended Alternative. Input received from the public and local governments indicated a preference for the tight diamond interchanges.

The Recommended Alternative consists of the following improvements:

- Tight diamond interchanges at Laura Duncan Road and Lake Pine Drive.
- A grade separation carrying US 64 over Shepherds Vineyard Drive.
- A grade-separated modified quadrant intersection at Edinburgh Drive which will include a new connection between US 64 and Edinburgh S. Drive and a new connection from the US 1(south)/US 64 (west) ramp at Edinburgh Drive.
- Reduced conflict intersections at Autopark Drive, Mackenan Drive/Chalon Drive, and Gregson Drive.
- Other roadway improvements include:
 - Adding a third lane along the current two-lane sections of Old Raleigh Road between Lake Pine Drive and Gregson Drive,
 - o Intersection improvements along Pine Plaza Drive,
 - A new access road between Laura Duncan Road and Nichols Plaza,
- Replacing the CSX S-line bridge over US 64 with a new structure to accommodate additional lanes along US 64, and a future 46-foot wide median
- New bike and pedestrian accommodations along Lake Pine Drive Laura Duncan Road, Shepherds Vineyard Drive, and the Edinburgh Drive Bridge.

Table 5A: Design Criteria

	US 64 (Freeway)	US 64 (East of Lake Pine Drive)	Laura Duncan Road	Lake Pine Drive
Classification	Urban Arterial	Urban Arterial	Major Collector	Major Collector
Design Speed	60 mph	60 mph	40 mph	40 mph
Terrain	Rolling	Rolling	Rolling	Rolling
Typical Section	Shoulder, 6-lane,	Shoulder, 6-lane,	C&G, 4-lane, 2-	C&G, 4-lane, 2-way
	2-way	2-way	way	
Lane Width	12-foot	12-foot	12-foot	12-foot
Sidewalks (Y/N)	No	No	Yes*	Yes*
			5-foot	5-foot
			10-foot multi-use	10-foot multi-use path
			path	
Bicycle Lanes (Y/N)	No	No	No	Yes
Median Width	46-foot (depressed)	35-foot (raised)	N/A	N/A
Prop R/W Width	250 – 300 feet	250 – 300 feet	114 – 140 feet	115 – 140 feet
Control of Access	Full C/A	Limited C/A	No C/A	No C/A
Design Exceptions	No	No	No	No

* 8-foot wide sidewalks on bridges

Table 5B: Design Criteria (cont.)

	Shepherds Vineyard Drive	Pine Plaza Drive	Edinburgh Drive	Old Raleigh Road
Classification	Local	Local	Local	Local
Design Speed	40 mph	40 mph	40 mph	40 mph
Terrain	Rolling	Rolling	Rolling	Rolling
Typical Section	C&G, 2-lane, 2-way, Undivided	C&G, 2-lane, 2-way, Undivided	C&G, 3-lane, 2-way, Undivided	C&G, 3-lane, 2-way
Lane Width	11-foot	Existing Varies	12-foot	12-foot
Sidewalks (Y/N)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
	5-foot	10-foot multi-use path	5-foot	5-foot
Bicycle Lanes (Y/N)	Yes 5-foot	No	No	Yes 5-foot
Median Width	Varies	None	None	None
Proposed R/W Width	N/A	60 – 100 feet	60 – 100 feet	60 – 100 feet
Control of Access	No C/A	No C/A	No C/A	No C/A
Design Exceptions	No	No	No	No

* 8-foot wide sidewalks on bridges

The recommended alternative project components are shown in Exhibits 1, 2, and 3 (Appendix A).

E. <u>Special Project Information:</u>

Public Involvement

The project study area consists of a wide variety of land uses including, established neighborhoods, commercial developments, auto dealerships, and big box retailers. To ensure that all stakeholders were kept apprised of the proposed project and engaged in the development of the improvement options, a public involvement plan (PIP) was developed. The PIP included small group meetings, public meetings, online surveys, and a project website.

A Local Officials Meeting (LOIM) was conducted with the Town of Apex on June 16, 2018. The Town of Cary declined an LOIM based off previous coordination with the NCDOT Project Team. Additionally, a public meeting was held on June 21, 2018 at Summit Church in Apex near the US 1/Ten-Ten Road interchange. The purpose and need, conceptual designs, and visualizations were presented during the meeting. Handouts which included comment sheets were provided to attendees and posted on the project website. The meeting began at 4:00 pm and concluded at 7:00 pm. In total, 235 citizens signed-in at the meeting. A total of 49 comments were received via email, letter, or submitted comment form. Additionally, 173 responses were received via online survey on the project's publicinput.com website.

A second public meeting was conducted at Summit Church on May 14, 2019. In total, 215 attendees signed the sign-in sheet. A total of 24 comments were received via email, comment form, or online survey.

Primary concerns expressed through the public involvement process includes the following:

- Bicycle and pedestrian accommodations specifically for Apex High School students crossing US 64 at Laura Duncan Road
- Existing and future traffic noise and potential for noise walls
- Property impacts to businesses and residences
- Cut-through traffic along the extended Shepherds Vineyard Drive
- Changes to access due to implementation of reduced conflict intersections east of Lake Pine Drive
- New access to Edinburgh Drive
- Loss of trees
- Noise impacts
- Changes of access to existing businesses

Construction Costs

Preliminary construction costs estimates were developed for the recommended improvements and are summarized below in Table 6.

Right-of- Way Cost	\$ 67,241,715
Utilities Relocation Costs	\$ 10,147,000
Construction Costs	\$ 115,400,000
Total Construction Costs	\$ 192,789,000

Table 6: Cost for the Recommended Improvements

Project Impact Summary

The proposed improvements primarily consist of widening US 64, constructing interchanges at Laura Duncan Road and Lake Pine Drive, replacing the CSX railroad bridge over US 64, constructing a grade-separated modified quadrant intersection at Edinburgh Drive, and operational improvements along Pine Plaza Drive and Old Raleigh Road. Table 7 summarizes the likely impacts to the natural and human environment due to the proposed improvements.

Table 7: Impact Matrix for Recommended Improvements

Resource		Recommended Alternative (Impacts)	
Relocations*	Residential	2	
	Business	17	
	Non-profit	0	
	Total	19	
Minority/Low-Income Populations (Disproportionate Im	ipacts)	None	
Historic Properties (Adverse Effects)		None	
Community Facilities Impacts		None	
Section 4(f) Resources Impact		None	
Noise Receptor Impacts		102	
Prime Farmlands (acres)		N/A	
Underground Storage Tanks Impacts		4	
Streams (linear feet)		550	
Wetlands (acres)		0.31	
Neuse River Buffer Impacts (square feet)		50,560	
	Zone 2	52,080	
	Total	102,640	
Federally Protected Species		Yes (see Table 8)	

*Detailed Relocation Report located in Appendix C.

F. Project Impact Criteria Checklists:

<u>Type III A</u>	<u>actions</u>	Yes	No	
If the pro The C If any Section	 If the proposed improvement is identified as a Type III Class of Action answer all questions. The Categorical Exclusion will require FHWA approval. If any questions are marked "yes" then additional information will be required for those question in Section G. 			
1	Does the project involve potential effects on species listed with the US Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) or National Marine Fisheries (NMFS)?	\mathbb{X}		
2	Does the project result in impacts subject to the conditions of the Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act (BGPA)?		\boxtimes	
3	Does the project generate substantial controversy or public opposition, for any reason, following appropriate public involvement?		\boxtimes	
4	Does the project cause disproportionately high and adverse impacts relative to low-income and/or minority populations?		\boxtimes	
5	Does the project involve substantial residential or commercial displacements or right of way acquisition?		\boxtimes	
6	Does the project include a determination under Section 4(f)?		\boxtimes	
7	Is a project-level analysis for direct, indirect, or cumulative effects required based on the NCDOT community studies screening tool?		\boxtimes	
8	Is a project level air quality Mobile Source Air Toxics (MSAT) analysis required?		\boxtimes	
9	Is the project located in anadromous fish spawning waters?		\boxtimes	
10	Does the project impact waters classified as Outstanding Resource Water (ORW), High Quality Water (HQW), Water Supply Watershed Critical Areas, 303(d) listed impaired water bodies, buffer rules, or Submerged Aquatic Vegetation (SAV)?	\boxtimes		

Type III A	Actions (continued)	Yes	No
11	Does the project impact waters of the United States in any of the designated mountain trout streams?		\boxtimes
12	Does the project require a U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) Individual Section 404 Permit?		\boxtimes
13	Will the project require an easement from a Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) licensed facility?		\boxtimes
14	Does the project include Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act (NHPA) effects determination other than a no effect, including archaeological remains? Are there project commitments identified?		\boxtimes
15	Does the project involve hazardous materials and/or landfills?	\boxtimes	
16	Does the project require work encroaching and adversely effecting a regulatory floodway or work affecting the base floodplain (100-year flood) elevations of a water course or lake, pursuant to Executive Order 11988 and 23 CFR 650 subpart A?	\boxtimes	
17	Is the project in a Coastal Area Management Act (CAMA) county and substantially affects the coastal zone and/or any Area of Environmental Concern (AEC)?		\boxtimes
18	Does the project require a U.S. Coast Guard (USCG) permit?		\boxtimes
19	Does the project involve construction activities in, across, or adjacent to a designated Wild and Scenic River present within the project area?		\boxtimes
20	Does the project involve Coastal Barrier Resources Act (CBRA) resources?		\boxtimes
21	Does the project impact federal lands (e.g. USFS, USFWS, etc.) or Tribal Lands?		\boxtimes
22	Does the project involve any changes in access control?	\boxtimes	
23	Does the project have a permanent adverse effect on local traffic patterns or community cohesiveness?		\boxtimes
24	Will maintenance of traffic cause substantial disruption?	\boxtimes	
25	Is the project inconsistent with the STIP or the Metropolitan Planning Organization's (MPO's) Transportation Improvement Program (TIP) (where applicable)?		\boxtimes
26	Does the project require the acquisition of lands under the protection of Section 6(f) of the Land and Water Conservation Act, the Federal Aid in Fish Restoration Act, the Federal Aid in Wildlife Restoration Act, Tennessee Valley Authority (TVA), Tribal Lands, or other unique areas or special lands that were acquired in fee or easement with public-use money and have deed restrictions or covenants on the property?		\boxtimes
27	Does the project involve Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) buyout properties under the Hazard Mitigation Grant Program (HMGP)?		\boxtimes
28	Is the project considered a Type I under the NCDOT's Noise Policy?	\boxtimes	
29	Is there prime or important farmland soil impacted by this project as defined by the Farmland Protection Policy Act (FPPA)?		\boxtimes

Type III A	Actions (continued)	Yes	No
30	Are there other issues that arose during the project development process that effected the project decision?		\square

G. Additional Documentation as Required from Section F

Question #1 Effects on USFWS or NMFS-listed Species

As of July 2017, the United States Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) lists four federally protected species for Wake County found within the project area (see Table 8). Following is a brief description of each species' habitat requirements, as well as the Biological Conclusion rendered based on field observation and survey results in the study area. Habitat requirements for each species are based on best available information from the USFWS.

Table 8: Threatened and Endangered Species

Scientific Name	Common Name	Federal Status	Habitat Present	Biological Conclusion		
Alasmidonta heterodon	Dwarf wedgemussel	E	TBD	Unresolved		
Elliptio lanceolata	Yellow Lance	Т	TBD	Unresolved		
Myotis septentrionalis	Northern long-eared bat	т	Yes	MALAA		
Picoides borealis	Red-cockaded woodpecker	E	No	No effect		
Rhus michauxii	Michaux's sumac	E	Yes	No effect		

<u>Dwarf wedge mussel (Biological Conclusion: Unresolved)</u> - A review of NCNHP Natural Heritage Element Occurrences (NHEO) update April 2019 indicates no known occurrences of dwarf wedgemussel within 1.0 miles of the study area. Habitat assessments will be done, and necessary surveys will be conducted by a permitted aquatic biologist. Therefore, the biological conclusion is Unresolved.

<u>Yellow lance (Biological Conclusion: Unresolved)</u> - A review of NCNHP NHEO updated April 2019 indicates no known occurrences of yellow lance within 1.0 mile of the study area. Habitat assessments will be done, and necessary surveys will be conducted by a permitted aquatic biologist. Therefore, the biological conclusion is Unresolved.

Northern long-eared bat (Biological Conclusion: May Affect Likely to Adversely Affect)

The US Fish and Wildlife Service has developed a programmatic biological opinion (PBO) in conjunction with the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA), the US Army Corps of Engineers (USACE), and NCDOT for the northern long-eared bat (NLEB) (*Myotis septentrionalis*) in eastern North Carolina. The PBO covers the entire NCDOT program in Divisions 1-8, including all NCDOT projects and activities. The programmatic determination for NLEB for the NCDOT program is "May Affect, Likely to Adversely Affect." The PBO provides incidental take coverage for NLEB and will ensure compliance with Section 7 of the Endangered Species Act for five years for all NCDOT projects with a federal nexus in Divisions 1-8, which includes *Wake County*, where TIP U-5301 is located. This level of incidental take is authorized from the effective date of a final listing determination through April 30, 2020. A

review of NCNHP NHEO records updated April 2019 indicates no known occurrences of NLEB within 1.0 miles of the study area.

Question #10 River Buffer Impacts

Streamside riparian zones along Swift Creek, Williams Creek, MacGregor Downs Lake Creek, and 29 unnamed streams in the project study area are subject to Neuse River Buffer Rules. The project will impact approximately 102,640 square feet of Neuse River Riparian Buffer.

Question #15 Hazardous Materials

The proposed improvements will result in direct impacts to three (3) active gas stations and one former gas station that still has storage tanks on the property. These facilities are clustered around the proposed Laura Duncan Road and Lake Pine Drive interchanges.

Question #16 100-Year Flood Elevations

The recommended alternative will impact floodways along Swift Creek due to encroachment of the roadway fill, it is anticipated that a Memorandum of Agreements (MOA) or Conditional Letters of Map Revision (CLOMRs) will be required at all sites.

Question #22 Access Control Changes

Currently, there is no control of access along US 64 from Laura Duncan Road to US 1. The project proposes to construct interchanges at Laura Duncan Road and Lake Pine Drive. Full control of access would be implemented from west of the Laura Duncan Road interchange and to east of the Lake Pine Drive interchange. Also, control of access would be implemented along portions of Laura Duncan Road and Lake Pine Drive north and south of the interchanges. Lastly, control of access would be implemented along US 64, east of Lake Pine Drive at the U-turn bulbs and in the vicinity of the Edinburgh Drive grade separation.

Question #24 Maintenance of Traffic

The project will construct interchanges at locations were at-grade locations currently exist and lower sections of US 64 in multiple locations. Additionally, existing intersections will be converted to reduced conflict intersections. This will need to occur while maintaining a minimum number of through lanes along US 64 and cross streets to safely accommodate traffic. Temporary closures of Laura Duncan Road and Lake Pine Drive at US 64 will be alternated to expedite the construction of the interchanges. Lane closures and off-site detours will be developed and signed to assist travelers. The lane closures and detours will result in disruption of travel patterns for commuters, residents, businesses, as well as student, parents, buses, and staff to and from Apex High School. A detailed traffic control plan will be developed prior to construction in order to assist local planners, Wake County Public Schools, and EMS in identifying impacts to the services they provide.

Question # 28 Highway Traffic Noise Impacts

Traffic Noise Impacts

The maximum number of receptors in each project alternative predicted to become impacted by future traffic noise is shown in the table below. Table 9 includes those receptors expected to experience traffic noise impacts by either approaching or exceeding the FHWA Noise Abatement Criteria or by a substantial increase in exterior noise levels as defined in the NCDOT Traffic Noise Policy.

Table 9: Predicted Traffic Noise Impacts by Alternative¹

Alternative	Residential (NAC B)	Places of Worship/Schools, Parks, etc. (NAC C & D)	Businesses (NAC E)	Total
Build	99	2 ²	1	102

1.Per TNM 2.5 and in accordance with 23 CFR Part 772

2. Impacted equivalent receptors for the proposed tennis courts at Apex High School were rounded up to equal one (1) receptor.

Traffic Noise Abatement Measures

Measures for reducing or eliminating the traffic noise impacts, including noise barriers, were considered for all impacted receptors in each alternative. Noise barriers include two basic types: earthen berms and noise walls. These structures act to diffract, absorb, and reflect highway traffic noise.

Noise Barriers

A noise barrier evaluation was conducted for this project utilizing the Traffic Noise Model (TNM 2.5) software developed by the FHWA. Table 10 summarizes the results of the evaluation.

Table 10:	Preliminary	Noise Barrier	· Evaluation	Results
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NSA	Noise Barrier Location	Length / Height ¹ (feet)	Square Footage	Number of Benefited Receptors	Square Feet per Benefited Receptor / Allowable Square Feet per Benefited Receptor	Preliminarily Feasible and Reasonable ("Likely") for Construction ²
NSA-3	NW 3 – south of US 64 at Bell Apex Apartments	1,050/25	26,248	35	750 / 1,500	Yes
NSA-5	NW 5 – south of US 64 between Laura Duncan Road and Shepherds Vineyard Drive	3,360/12	40,320	40	1,008/ 1,500	Yes
NSA-8	NW 8 – north of Pine Plaza Drive and west of Shepherds Vineyard Drive	657/25	16,433	27	685 / 1,500	No ³
NSA-8	NW 8a – north of Pine Plaza Drive and east of Shepherds Vineyard Drive	478/25	11,947	17	703 / 1,500	No ³
NSA-8	NW 8b – north of Pine Plaza Drive and along Lake Pine Drive	690/25	17,250	34	616/ 1,500	No ³
NSA-13	NSA-13 NW 13 - north of US 64 and west of Mackenan Drive		36,715	8	4,589/1,500	No ⁴
NSA-14	NW 14 - north of US 64 and between Mackenan Drive and Edinburgh Drive	3,582/12	43,254	33	1,311/1,500	Yes

¹Average wall height. Actual wall height at any given location may be higher or lower.

²The likelihood of a barrier's construction is preliminary and subject to change, pending completion of final design and the public involvement process.

³Barrier is not feasible due to utility and ROW conflicts.

⁴Barrier is not reasonable due to the quantity per benefited receptor exceeding the allowable quantity per benefited receptor.

A traffic noise evaluation was performed that identified three (3) noise barriers that preliminarily meet feasibility and reasonableness criteria found in the NCDOT Traffic Noise Policy. A more detailed analysis will be completed during project final design. Noise barriers preliminarily found to be feasible and reasonable during the preliminary noise analysis may not be found to be feasible and reasonable during the final design noise analysis due to changes in proposed project alignment and other design considerations, surrounding land use development, or utility conflicts, among other factors. Conversely, noise barriers that preliminarily were not considered feasible and reasonable may meet the established criteria and be recommended for construction. This evaluation was conducted in accordance with the highway traffic noise requirements of Title 23 CFR Part 772.

In accordance with NCDOT Traffic Noise Policy, the Federal/State governments are not responsible for providing noise abatement measures for new development for which building permits are issued after the Date of Public Knowledge. The Date of Public Knowledge of the proposed highway project will be the approval date of the Categorical Exclusion (CE). NCDOT

strongly advocates the planning, design and construction of noise-compatible development and encourages its practice among planners, building officials, developers and others.

H. <u>Project Commitments</u>

Wake County US 64 Improvements in Apex and Cary Federal Project No. NHS-0064(141) WBS No. 47018.1.1 TIP No. U-5301

All commitments developed during the project development phase of the project are listed below:

NCDOT Biological Surveys Unit and Project Management Unit– Threatened and Endangered Species Surveys

The biological conclusion for the Dwarf wedge mussel and the Yellow lance is Unresolved. Prior to project right-of-way authorization, habitat assessments and surveys will be completed by a permitted aquatic biologist.

NCDOT Division 5 Resident Engineer – Offsite Detours and Traffic Management

The Resident Engineer will coordinate with the following agencies at least one month prior to any road closures or implementation of offsite detours:

- Town of Apex EMS: 919-363-1577
- Town of Apex Transportation: 919-249-3358
- Town of Cary EMS: 919-380-6909
- Town of Cary Transportation: 919-469-4030
- Wake County Emergency Management: 919-856-6480
- Wake County Emergency Medical Services: 919-586-6020
- Wake County Public Schools Transportation: 919-805-3030

Roadway Design and NCDOT Project Management Unit – Town of Apex

There will be coordination with the Town of Apex to finalize the bicycle and pedestrian accommodations that are requested along Laura Duncan Road, Lake Pine Drive, Old Raleigh Road, and Shepherds Vineyard Drive. Once finalized, the additional bicycle and pedestrian accommodations will be included in a municipal agreement between NCDOT and the Town of Apex.

Roadway Design and NCDOT Project Management Unit- Town of Cary

There will be coordination with the Town of Cary to finalize bicycle and pedestrian accommodations that are requested to be included along Old Raleigh Road, Edinburgh S. Drive, and Edinburgh Drive. Once finalized, the additional bicycle and pedestrian accommodations will be included in a municipal agreement between NCDOT and the Town of Cary.

NCDOT Project Management Unit, Division 5 and Roadside Environmental Unit – Landscaping and Aesthetics

There will be coordination with the Wake County Planning, Development, and Inspections Department and the Towns of Cary and Apex to develop a final landscaping and aesthetics enhancement plan. The improvements will be included in separate municipal agreements between NCDOT, the Towns of Apex and Cary, and Wake County.

NCDOT Geo-Environmental Unit – Underground Storage Tanks (USTs)

The project will result in impacts to USTs. NCDOT will conduct preliminary site assessments for soil and groundwater contamination prior to right of way acquisition.

Hydraulic Unit – FEMA Coordination

The Hydraulics Unit will coordinate with the NC Floodplain Mapping Program (FMP), to determine status of project with regard to applicability of NCDOT'S Memorandum of Agreement, or approval of a Conditional Letter of Map Revision (CLOMR) and subsequent final Letter of Map Revision (LOMR).

Division 5 Resident Engineer-FEMA

This project involves construction activities on or adjacent to FEMA-regulated stream(s). Therefore, the Division shall submit sealed as-built construction plans to the Hydraulics Unit upon completion of project construction, certifying that the drainage structure(s) and roadway embankment that are located within the 100-year floodplain were built as shown in the construction plans, both horizontally and vertically.

Ι. Categorical Exclusion Approval

STIP Project No.	U-5301
WBS Element	47018.1.1
Federal Project No.	NHS-0064(141)

Prepared By:

	DocuSigned by:
8/7/2019	Ryan L. White
Date	Ryan L. White, P.E. 25C647E3846B465 Consultant Project Manager Stantec Consulting Services, Inc.
Prepared For:	United States Department of Transportation Federal Highway Administration And
Reviewed By:	North Carolina Department of Transportation
8/7/2019	Pam Williams
Date	Pam Williams. Team Lead – Divisions 5 & 8 NCDOT Project Management Unit

NCDOT certifies that the proposed action qualifies as a Type III Categorical Exclusion.

8/7/2019	
Date	Derrick Weaver, P.E. Environmental Policy Unit Head North Carolina Department of Transportation
FHWA Approval:	Dev Circo Hur
8/7/2019	Josedn P Geiale

Joseph & Geigle

Date

John F. Sullivan, III, PE, Division Administrator
Federal Highway Administration

APPENDIX A: RECOMMENDED IMPROVEMENTS





EXHIBIT 1 RECOMMENDED IMPROVEMENTS





EXHIBIT 2 RECOMMENDED IMPROVEMENTS

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US 64 IMPROVEMENTS WEST OF SR 1306 (LAURA DUNCAN ROAD) IN APEX TO US 1 IN CARY WAKE COUNTY

EXHIBIT 3 RECOMMENDED **IMPROVEMENTS**

APPENDIX B: AGENCY CORRESPONDENCE

White, Ryan

From:	Alsmeyer, Eric C CIV USARMY CESAW (US) <eric.c.alsmeyer@usace.army.mil></eric.c.alsmeyer@usace.army.mil>
Sent:	Friday, June 30, 2017 2:29 PM
То:	White, Ryan
Cc:	John Conforti jgonforti@ncdot.gov; Devens, Ted
Subject:	RE: U-5301 (US 64 Improvements, Cary-Apex): Merger Screening Meeting Follow-Up; AID
-	SAW-2017-01360

Ryan: As we discussed by phone today, based on the information that is available, I concur that the Merger Process is not necessary for this project, and recommended reassembling at a later time for informal review of CP4A and 4B.

Please reply or call if you have any questions or if I may serve you in any other way.

The Wilmington District is committed to providing the highest level of support to the public. To help us ensure we continue to do so, please complete the Customer Satisfaction Survey located at http://corpsmapu.usace.army.mil/cm_apex/f?p=136:4:0.

Thank you,

Éríc

Eric Alsmeyer Project Manager

Regulatory Division Office US Army Corps of Engineers, Wilmington District 3331 Heritage Trade Drive, Suite 105, Wake Forest, NC 27587 Tel: (919) 554-4884, x23 Fax: (919) 562-0421 Regulatory Homepage: <u>http://www.saw.usace.army.mil/Missions/RegulatoryPermitProgram.aspx</u>



From: White, Ryan [mailto:Ryan.White@stantec.com]
Sent: Thursday, June 29, 2017 11:14 PM
To: Alsmeyer, Eric C CIV USARMY CESAW (US) <Eric.C.Alsmeyer@usace.army.mil>
Cc: John Conforti jgonforti@ncdot.gov <jgconforti@ncdot.gov>; Devens, Ted <Ted.Devens@stantec.com>
Subject: [Non-DoD Source] U-5301 (US 64 Improvements, Cary-Apex): Merger Screening Meeting Follow-Up

Eric,

I hope that all is well. I am the Deputy Project Manager for the subject project. I would like to schedule a follow-up meeting to further discuss the need for U-5301 to be included in the NEPA/404 Merger Process. Please let me know your availability over the next few weeks so I can coordinate with our NCDOT Project Manager and get the meeting scheduled.

Thank you for your time and I look forward to working with you on this necessary transportation improvement.

Ryan L. White, P.E. Senior Transportation Engineer Stantec 801 Jones Franklin Road Suite 300, Raleigh NC 27606-3394 Phone: (919) 865-7374 Cell: (919) 239-5372 ryan.white@stantec.com



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Please consider the environment before printing this email.



North Carolina Department of Natural and Cultural Resources

State Historic Preservation Office

Ramona M. Bartos, Administrator

Governor Roy Cooper Secretary Susi H. Hamilton

April 27, 2017

Ryan White Stantec 801 Jones Franklin Road, Suite 300 Raleigh, NC 27606-3394 Office of Archives and History Deputy Secretary Kevin Cherry

Re: US 64 Improvements from west of SR 1613, Davis Drive, in Apex, to US 1 in Cary, U-5301, Wake County, ER 17-0559

Dear Mr. White:

Thank you for your email of March 21, 2017, concerning the above project.

Our records find archaeological sites 31WA688, 31WA689, and 31WA690, within the footprint of the proposed improvements in about the middle of the route. Recorded in 1990 during an archaeological survey (OSA Bibliography #2715) for the widening of US 64, R-2318, these prehistoric-period sites were evaluated as not eligible for the National Register of Historic Places, with no further work recommended.

Although the current project APE depicts a wider corridor than that surveyed in 1990, we consider it unlikely that significant archaeological sites would be found within it.

We, therefore, recommend that no archaeological investigation be conducted in connection with this project. This recommendation is based on the results of the 1990 archaeological survey and the amount of development and resulting ground disturbance that has occurred in the area since then.

We have determined that the project as proposed will not have an effect on any historic structures.

The above comments are made pursuant to Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act and the Advisory Council on Historic Preservation's Regulations for Compliance with Section 106 codified at 36 CFR Part 800.

Thank you for your cooperation and consideration. If you have questions concerning the above comment, contact Renee Gledhill-Earley, environmental review coordinator, at 919-807-6579 or <u>environmental.review@ncdcr.gov</u>. In all future communication concerning this project, please cite the above referenced tracking number.

Sincerely,

Kener Dedhill-Earley

Ramona M. Bartos

cc: John Conforti, NCDOT, jgconforti@ncdot.gov Ted Devens, Stantec, <u>Ted.devens@stantec.com</u> Matt Wilkerson, NCDOT, mtwilkerson@ncdot.gov

APPENDIX C: RELOCATION REPORT

EIS RELOCATION REPORT

North Carolina Department of Transportation RELOCATION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

\boxtimes																	
WB	WBS ELEMENT: COUNTY Wake Alt 2B																
T.I.I	² . No.:		J-5301			00											
DES	CRIPTIC	ON C	F PROJ	ECT:	US	64 Proposed	Improveme	ents betw	een La	auı	ra Duncan	Road	in Apex a	nd US 1 i	in Cary		
ESTIMATED DISPLACEES							INCOME LEVEL										
Type	e of lacees		wners	Tena	ints	Total	Minorities	0-15	0-15M 15-25M 25-35M 35-50M 50								
Resi	dential		2	Tond	0	2	0	0-10	0	-	0	20	0	0 0			
Busi	nesses	+	4		13	17	2	V	ALUE	OF	DWELLING	1	DSS	DWELLIN	G AVAILA	BLE	
Farm	າຣ		0		0	0	0	Owners	6		Tenants For			Sale	For Rent		
Non-	Profit		0		0	0	0	0-20м		0	\$ 0-150	0	0-20м	0	\$ 0-150	0	
			ANSWE	R ALL Q	UEST	IONS		20-40м		0	150-250	0	20-40м	0	150-250	0	
Yes	No	Exp	plain all	"YES" a	nswe	ers.		40-70M	-	0	250-400	0	40-70M	0	250-400	0	
		1.	Will sp	ecial relo	ocation	services be	necessary?	70-100M	-	0	400-600	0	70-100м	2	400-600	0	
		2.	Will sc	hools or	churo	ches be affe	cted by	100 UP		2	600 UP	0	100 UP	20+	600 UP	20+	
57		2	displac	cement?		aa atill ba ay	oilchlo	TOTAL		2		0	a second laws to	22+		20+	
		5.	after p	roject?	SCIVIC	es sun de av	allable	2 Drimer		ha	REMARKS			iumper)			
		4	Will an	v husine	ess he	disnlaced?	lfso	2.Primit	ose sc all mar	no: rke	t of husine	ol & Ca ss servi	ire) will be	relocate main ava	u ilahla		
		т.	indicat	e size t	vne e	stimated nu	mber of	4. 17 bu	isiness	ses	will be dis	blaced.	iccs will rei		lable		
			employ	vees, mi	inoritie	es, etc.		- Parcel	7: Tac	o E	3ell : 2,700	sf, rest	aurant, 20	employe	es, 10 mir	orities	
		5.	Will rel	location	cause	a housing	shortage?	- Parcel 8: Mobil Gas Station: 2000 sf plus canopy, 5 employees, 3									
		6.	Source	e for ava	ilable	housing (lis	t).	minoriti	es - P	ard	el 13: BP (ias & C	ircle K Foo	d Mart, 3	,120 sf pl	JS	
		7.	Will ad	ditional	housi	ng programs	s be	canopy, 5 employees 2 minorities - Parcel 14: Sherwin- Williams Paint									
			neede	d?				Store, about 5500 st, 6 employees, 2 minorities - Parcel 14: ISOTOLP									
		ð.	consid	ered?	eson	Housing be		- Parcel 15: Primrose School, Preschool and Daycare, 11,560 sf, 176									
		9.	Are the	ere large	e, disa	bled, elderly	, etc.	students, 35 employees, 20 minorities -Parcel 60: Dollinger & Tove,									
11			familie	s?				Medical Office, 6,000 sf, 4 employees, 0 minorities -Parcel 62: Apex									
		10.	Will put	olic hous	sing b	e needed fo	r project?	Genera	Dent	istı	r y , 2200 sf,	6 emp	loyees, 1 m	ninority –	Parcel 62	:	
\boxtimes		11.	ls publi	c housir	ng ava	ilable?		Central	Caroli	ina	Oral and N	/laxillo	facial Surg	ery, 2200) sf, 7 emp	loyees,	
		12.	ls it felt	there w	ill be a	adequate DS	SS housing	employ	nies -i ees -D	rar arc	cer 63: Car ol 64: Won	wasn-	ROO of roo	ruction,	2500 st, : 20 emplo	5 10	
-	1		housin	g availa	ble du	uring relocat	on period?	minorities -Parcel 74: McDonald's, Amoco Gas, and Car Wash (count 2									
		13.	Will the	re be a	proble	em of housin	g within	relocations), 5000 sf, plus canopy and car wash, 25 employees, 10									
			Tinanci	al mean	IS?	:		minorities; -Parcel 77: Town of Apex, 525 sf possible utilities building,									
		14.	Are sui		sines	s sites availa		2 emplo	yees,	0 n	ninorities;	-Parcel	80: Wood	y's Furni	t ure , 2500	0 sf,	
		15.	Numbe	r month	s estir	nated to cor	nplete	retail, 8	empio f 4 on	oye nnl	es, 2 mino	rities; -	Parcel 80-	Peak Au	to, car rep arner Cab	bair, Io	
			RELOCA	TION?	18		-	utilities	vario	us	structures	approx	. 3000 sf ai	nd cell to	wer. 5 em	nlovees	
	5							8. As re	quired	l by	/ law.				,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
							1	11. Pub	lic Hou	usir	ng is availal	ole in V	Vake Count	ty			
							12. Alth	ough	RH	P may be n	ecessa	ry given pr	operty va	lues in th	e		
						1 1	surroun	ding a	irea	a, there is a	n abur	Idance of D	DSS Housi	ng.	u and		
_					-			Tax Rec	ords.	121[]	iess locatio	n mark	et is ample	: accordii	ig to zillo	v d10	
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	Righ	nt of V	Vay Age	nt		D	ate			R	elocation C	oordin	ator		Date		

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