

Working Group Meeting #2







Agenda



- Schedule & Recap
- Project Updates
- Identified Project Objectives & Priorities
 - Draft Key Terms Low Financial Impact
 - Initial Key Terms High Financial Impact
 - Tolling Policy
- Closing & Next Steps



Schedule & Recap



Working Group Approach

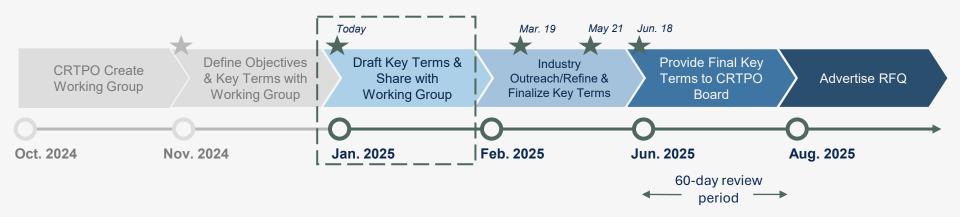


The working group brings NCDOT and CRTPO together in a collaborative effort to establish clear project objectives and priorities that will shape certain key commercial and competitive terms for the I-77 South Express Lanes project



Working Group Schedule*





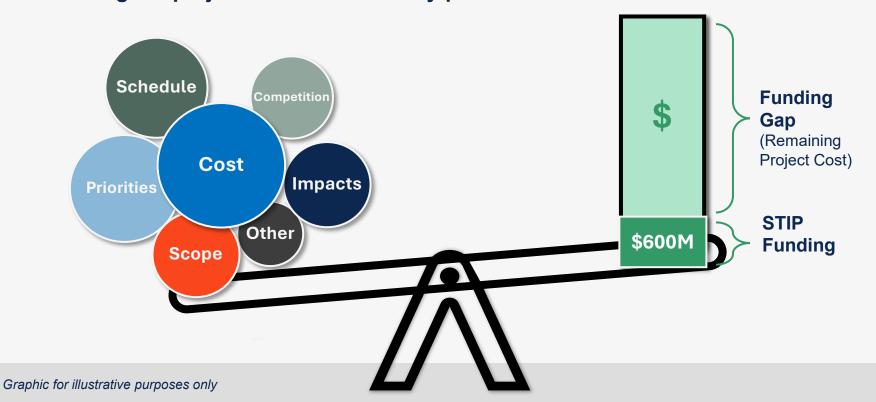


* = Preliminary schedule; subject to change

Key Term Development Process



Key objectives & priorities must be identified while also ensuring the project's financial viability pencils out

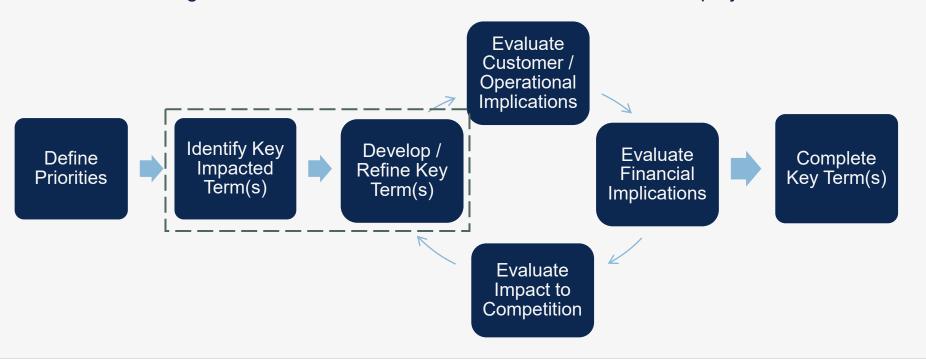


Key Term Development Process



Iterative process requiring coordination between NCDOT, CRTPO and the market

Process designed to ensure effective solution that leads to a viable project





Project Updates



Project Updates



- Legal Advisor Selection Ashurst
- NEPA/Public Involvement
- Initial Market Feedback Meetings Main topics
 - Toll Policy
 - Future Corridor Demand
 - Transparency
 - Competitive Procurement



Identified Project Objectives & Priorities



Identified Project Priorities



I-775 Objectives & Priorities

- · CORRIDOR SAFETY
- FAIR TOLL RATES

 → TRIP TIME RELIABILITY

 → INCREASE EXP. LANE UTILIZATION
- · MEET FUTURE CORRIDOR DEMAND

(5)

- . TRANSIT BENEFITS
- · COMPETITIVE PROCUREMENT

MAXIMIZATION OF USE

OF EXPRESS LANES

BONUS & REVISHARE

EVENTS -TRANSPARENCY

- CLEARDE TOEMS OF

- · TRANSPARENCY
- ·INNOVATION

- FORMULA FOR

- COMPETITIVE

- DATA FROM CONCESSIONAIRE -> REALTIME/TRANSPARENT

ADDITIONAL PRIORITIES 3

- EMERGENCY CONSIDERATION

- CORRIDOR ACCESS

- MWSBE - ECONOMIC

VEHICLES

FOR FIMERGENCY

DEVELOPMENT/CHANGE

COMMUNITY OUTCOMER

OF INDIVIDUALS (E.G. MEDICAID)

- FRICING FOR ELIGIBLE CLASSEZ

- ACCESSIBILITY TO EXPRESS
 LANES + LOCAL ROADS
 IMPACTED
 - PROCESS TO DETERMINE
 DIRECT CONNECT
 OPPORTUNITIES
 AT INTERCHANGES QUALIFIED
 - -COST OVERRUNS ADDRESS & SCHEDULE RISK TRANSFR

- Consistency FOR HOV WITH I-77 N

- Bonus ALLOCATIONS FOR COMMUNITY IMPROVEMENTS
- Peliet to contractor when Events impact
- EARLY TERMINATION
- DESIGN FOR TRUCKS
- REVENUE SHARING
- FUTURE OF PEMAND
- -CONTRACT LONGTH
- CONCESSION PAYMENT USE OR "BUYING DOWN BULS
- -> NEXT: PRIORITIZATION

Other items identified via email:

- Discount for Mecklenburg County residents
- Attention to lighting and road markings

- EXPLAIN HOW TOLL RATES
IN MORE DETAILON
SIGNAGE/RANGE)
GFUL DISTANCE



Identify Key Impacted Terms



The priorities have been categorized into three groups based on the financial and strategic significance of the identified key impacted terms:

- **Standard:** Issues that will be addressed in the contract using established market practices and industry standards.
- Low Financial Impact: Priorities that are simple to address and can be incorporated with minimal complexity.
- High Financial Impact: Complex issues with significant financial implications, requiring prioritization as not all items may be included in the contract.

Develop Key Terms



Standard Issues: Will adhere to best practices and market precedents from peer projects to maximize value for the state.

Examples include:

- Contract Duration: Specifying the length of the agreement.
- **Early Termination Provisions:** Defining conditions and scenarios for early contract termination.
- Risk Allocation: Mitigating cost overruns and schedule delays through balanced risk-sharing mechanisms.



Develop Key Terms



Work has commenced on developing draft key contractual terms for the Low and High Financial Impact Priorities, which have been grouped by priority type (i.e., toll policy, corridor safety, transparency, transit, etc.)

 Low Financial Impact Priorities: Initial positions have been drafted, and further feedback is encouraged.



- High Financial Impact Priorities:
 - High level terms have been identified.
 - Future working group sessions will focus on addressing these high financial impact issues including balancing the different priorities.





Draft Key Terms – Low Financial Impact



Low Financial Impact Priorities - Draft Key Terms



Priority Type	Draft Key Terms	
Toll Policy	 Toll Rates during Emergency Declarations: Regulate toll rates during emergencies to ensure accessibility. 	
Corridor Safety*	 Corridor Access for Emergency Vehicles: Ensure uninterrupted and efficient access for emergency response teams by permitting toll-free use of Express Lanes and implementing adaptive traffic management systems to maintain optimal traffic flow and prioritize emergency operations. 	
	 Markings / Lighting on the Facility: Install high-visibility road markings and reflective surfaces while ensuring adequate lighting throughout the corridor to enhance safety during nighttime and low-visibility conditions. 	
Transparency	 Transparent Toll Rates: Offer easily accessible, user-friendly platforms that display historical toll data and predictive pricing to help drivers better anticipate costs before entering the lanes. 	
	 Real-Time Road Condition Updates: Implement technology to share live updates on traffic conditions, incidents, and lane availability to help drivers make informed decisions. 	
	 Performance Reporting: Publish regular reports detailing express lane performance, including metrics such as travel time savings, congestion reduction, and revenue use, to demonstrate value to the public. 	

Low Financial Impact Priorities - Draft Key Terms



Priority Type	Draft Key Terms		
Transit	 Transit Usage of Express Lanes for Free: Allows transit vehicles to use the Express Lanes toll-free. 		
	 Real-Time Transit information Systems: Calls for the implementation of smart technology to deliver real-time updates to transit users. 		
DBE	 Disadvantaged Business Enterprises (DBE) Objectives: Require DBE outreach prior to construction. 		

Low Financial Impact Priorities – Other Issues



Other (Non-contractual Priorities) - *Priorities to be managed outside of the Comprehensive Agreement*

- Competitive Procurement: Ensure a competitive procurement process by engaging developers early, providing comprehensive project data to all interested parties, and maintaining transparency with clear evaluation criteria.
- Bonus Allocation Invested in Community Improvements: NCGS 136-189.11(f)(4): "The bonus allocation shall apply over the five-year period in the STIP in the cycle following the contractual obligation." CRTPO has previous experience on prioritizing the use of bonus allocation.
- Revenue Share (Use of Funds): NCGS 136-89.188: limits the use of funds to the project. Uses include, but are not limited to, design, construction, expansion, operations, maintenance, reconstruction and replacement.



Initial Key Terms – High Financial Impact



Initial Key Terms - High Financial Impact Priorities



Priority Type	Outline of Key Term Concepts
Toll Policy	• Toll Rate Caps ¹
	Discounts for Frequent Users
	 Discounts for Eligible Groups (Medicaid Participants / Mecklenburg County Residents)²
Future Corridor Demand	Expansion Based Facility Triggers
	Requirements for Technology Enhancements
Vehicle Eligibility	HOV3+ Free Policy (Consistent with I-77 North)
	Heavy Commercial Vehicle Express Lane Eligibility
Transit	Transit Funding Payments
	Transit Related Corridor Infrastructure Improvements
Technical	Specific Direct Connect Interchange Opportunities
	Local Road Upgrades Required

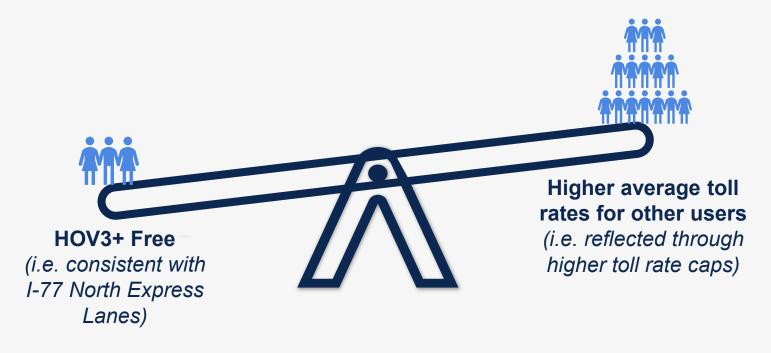
¹ **Toll Rate Cap** frameworks, which will be introduced later, can help effectively regulate toll rates and increase utilization of the express lanes.

² NCGS 136-89.211 prohibits these types of discounts.

High Financial Impact – Balancing Priorities (Examples)



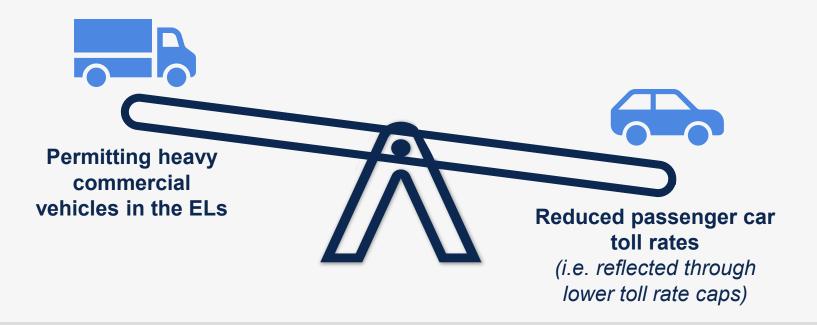
Balancing Priorities with Financial Viability (Example 1): Allowing HOV3+ to drive toll-free could increase the average toll rates for all other users.



High Financial Impact – Balancing Priorities (Examples)



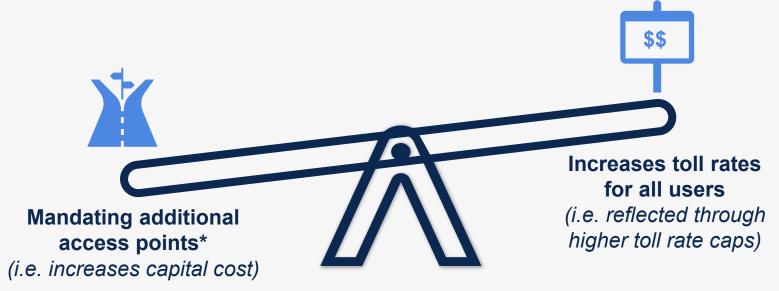
Balancing Priorities with Financial Viability (*Example 2*): Permitting heavy commercial vehicles in the Express Lanes allows for reduced toll rates for passenger cars.



High Financial Impact – Balancing Priorities (Examples)



Balancing Priorities with Financial Viability (Example 3): Mandating additional access points and connections to the Express Lanes may result in higher toll rates for users to cover the increased construction cost.



^{*}Through the Alternative Technical Concept (ATC) process, developers are likely to propose new access points or connections. These proposals will evaluate the net impact of the changes, taking into account revenues minus costs.



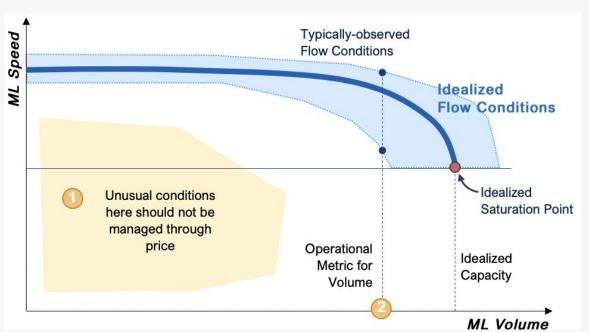
Tolling Policy – Toll Rate Cap Introduction



Toll Policy – Express Lane Utilization Overview



Express Lanes add much-needed capacity, managing congestion today and supporting the region's growth in the future. Tolls ensure a reliable trip for express lane drivers.



Tolls should vary throughout the day, utilizing real-time dynamic pricing, to ensure the express lanes do not become overcrowded and congested.

Toll Policy – Establishing Policy Objectives



A well-crafted policy can effectively balance revenue generation with operational control while ensuring the project's viability and alignment with user and public expectations.

Quality of Asset

Growth, Congestion, Driver Base, Connectivity

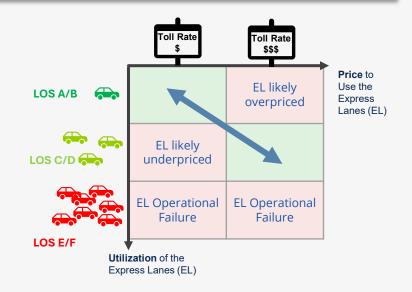
Toll Policy
Toll Policy. Vehicle Allowances. Free Riders



Value Proposition

Upfront Payment, Policy Objectives

- Financial/Commercial Goals (Example)
 - A revenue stream sufficient to require no subsidy or an upfront payment
- Operational Goals (Example)
 - Fast and reliable alternative, every day
 - Transparent and fair pricing



Toll Policy – Toll Rate Cap Introduction



No Cap I-77N, I-66 OTB, I-495, I-95

Operator-Developer may charge whatever rates they desire at any time of day.

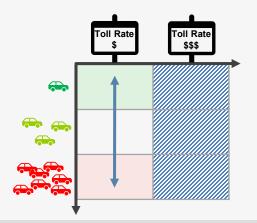
- Pro: Operator has tools to manage congestion
- Cons: Revenue maximization possible and pricing methodology may be less transparent

LOS A/B LOS C/D LOS E/F

Hard Cap Only Publicly Operated Facilities

Operator-Developer may charge whatever rates they desire at any time of day <u>up to the hard cap; never more.</u>

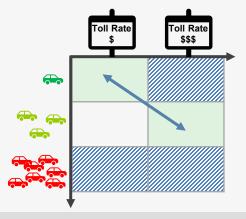
- Pro: Maximum price known
- Con: Congestion management day-today not guaranteed



Soft CapDFW TEXpress, SR-400

Operator-Developer may charge whatever rates they desire at any time of day <u>up to the</u> soft cap; the soft cap may only be exceeded if necessary to keep traffic flowing.

- Pro: Increases beyond soft cap may be managed
- **Con:** Operator discretion to charge up to soft cap at any time





Closing & Next Steps



Recap of Priorities

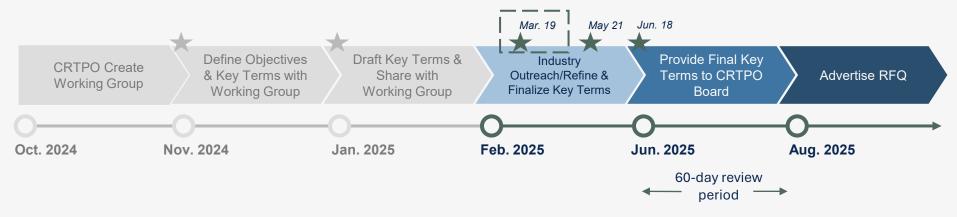


Standard	Low Financial Impact – Draft Key Terms	High Financial Impact – Key Terms Concepts
 Contract Duration Early Termination Provisions Risk Allocation 	 Toll Rates during Emergency Declarations Corridor Access for Emergency Vehicles Markings / Lighting on the Facility Transparent Toll Rates Real-Time Road Condition Updates Performance Reporting Transit Usage of Express Lanes for Free Real-Time Transit Information Systems Disadvantaged Business Enterprises (DBE) Outreach 	 Toll Rate Caps / Regime to increase Express Lane Utilization Reduced pricing for Eligible Groups Discounts for Frequent Users or Mecklenburg County Residents Expansion Based Facility Triggers Requirements for Technology Enhancements HOV3+ Free Policy Commercial Vehicle Express Lane Eligibility Transit Funding Payments Transit Related Corridor Infrastructure Improvements Specific Direct Connect Interchange Opportunities Local Road Upgrades Required

Working Group Meeting Schedule*



- Next Meeting: March 19, 2025, 3:30pm
 - Objective: Continue industry outreach and share revised draft key terms with the working group for feedback



= Working Group Meeting
*preliminary schedule; subject to change



Adjourn





Appendix



Flip Charts



• Pictures of the flip charts used to document comments and feedback from the working group members during the 1/15/2025 meeting are below.

